Modern Cuban-American Relations

Flexible Response

- I. Flexible Response –variety of options to deal with international problems
 - A. Nuclear weapons -ICBMs increase -63 to 424
 - B. Conventional weapons -15% budget increase
 - C. Covert operations –CIA (intelligence gathering) and the Green Berets
 - D. Economic aid -Alliance For Progress
 - E. Peace Corps -Ghana and Tanzania
 - F. Diplomacy

Cuba

- I. Pre-Communist Cuba History
 - A. Spanish-American War (1898)
 - B. President General Fulgencio Batista in control of Cuba since 1934
 - C. Fidel Castro's Revolution Failed (July 26, 1953) and Succeeded (January 1, 1959)
- II. IKE and Cuba
 - A. US Recognition January 7, 1959
 - B. Castro visited the United States April 15 26, 1959
 - C. Soviet-Cuban Trade Agreement -February 6, 1960
 - D. IKE embargo and plan to overthrow Castro March 17, 1960
 - E. Formal Recognition –between Havana and Moscow –May 8, 1960
 - F. Castro seized American properties –July 5, 1960
 - G. US broke diplomatic ties –January 3, 1961
- III. JFK and Cuba
 - A. Bay of Pigs (April 17, 1961) Operation Bumpy Road failed
 - B. Castro Cuban revolution is "socialist" (April 19, 1961)
 - C. Operation Mongoose (November 30, 1961)
 - D. American Full Embargo (February 7, 1962)
 - E. Cuban Missile Crisis (October 14 28, 1962)
 - 1. September 8, 1962 First Soviet missiles arrive in Cuba
 - 2. October 14 Aerial surveillance revealed missiles on launching pads
 - 3. October 16 American Options: JFK's Strategic Development
 - 4. October 22 President Kennedy addressed the nation about the Soviet threat
 - A. Called for the immediate removal of all nuclear missiles
 - B. Ordered a quarantine of Cuba with 180 warships
 - C. Operation Ortsac
 - D. DEFCON 3 (Defense Condition 3)
 - 5. October 24 -16 of 19 Soviet ships returned to Soviet Union
 - 6. October 25 -DEFCON 2 -highest ever
 - -US Ambassador Adlai Stevenson reports to the UN
 - 7. October 28 –US-Soviet Agreement to end missile crisis
 - 8. Results of the Cuban Missile Crisis –US and Cuba

IV. Modern American-Cuban Relations

- A. Cuba supported communist revolutions in Africa, Angola and Ethiopia
- B. CIA introduced an African swine flu to Cuba (1971)
- C. President Jimmy Carter
 - 1. Lifted US travel ban and allowed to spend a \$100 limit in Cuba (1977)
 - 2. Cuban forces helped the Sandinista revolution succeed in Nicaragua (1979)
 - 3. Mariel Boatlift (April 15 October 31, 1980) -125,000 left
- D. President Ronald Reagan the Reagan Doctrine (anti-communism)
 - 1. US Naval Maneuvers in the Caribbean (1981) Cuban forces went on full alert
 - 2. US travel ban again (1982)
 - 3. Operation Urgent Fury –Invasion of Grenada (1983) –sending a message to Cuba
- E. President George H.W. Bush
 - 1. Fall of the Soviet Union –Cuba lost \$6 billion in annual aid
 - 2. Cuban Democracy Act (1992) –no trade and no travel
- F. President Clinton
 - 1. Elian Gonzalez –entered (November 21, 1999) and returned to Cuba (June 28, 2000)
 - 2. Handshake (2000) –Bill Clinton and Fidel Castro
- G. President G.W. Bush
 - 1. Axis of Evil (May 6, 2002)
 - 2. Other events during GW's presidency dealing with Cuba
 - A. Former President Carter visited Cuba (May 12 17, 2002)
 - B. President Raul Castro (2008) change in leadership
- H. President Obama
 - 1. Obama lifted restrictions (April 13, 2009)
 - A. Cuban-American travel
 - B. American money can be sent to Cuba
 - C. American Telecom Companies
- I. Guantanamo Prison
 - 1. First GWOT "enemy combatants" arrived at Gitmo –January 20, 2002
 - 2. Obama signed order to close with a year –January 22, 2009
 - 3. 2009 Task Force Review
- V. Conclusion of Modern Cuban-American relations
 - A. Map Questions –Latin America (3) and Africa (4)

<u>Assignments</u>

- 1. * Paper #6 (10): Axis of Evil
- 2. Test #3 (60): Modern Cuban-American Relations
- 3. * Debate #3 (50): Guantanamo Prison
- 4. * Evaluation Paper #2 (10): Guantanamo Prison

Paper #6: Axis of Evil (10 points)

After the attacks of September 11th, George W. Bush created an Axis of Evil list in order to isolate rogue nations that might be a terrorist threat to the world. Even though, this Axis of Evil list is no longer an official part of American foreign policy, let's bring it back. Create a new list of <u>3</u> Axis of Evil nations and provide <u>2</u> reasons to state why each country was placed on your Axis of Evil list. Then state <u>3</u> things/items/people that would make your own personal Axis of Evil list. (It can be anything.) Then provide <u>2</u> reasons to state why your thing/item/person was placed on your personal Axis of Evil list.

- State <u>3</u> total Axis of Evil countries.
- Provide 2 reasons for each country to explain why they are on your current Axis of Evil list.
- State 3 things/items/people that would make your own personal Axis of Evil list.
- Provide <u>2</u> reasons to state why your thing/item/person was placed on your personal Axis of Evil list.

^{*} Assignments are not required for all students